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CHINA.

Report from Hongkong—Emigrants recommended for rejection.

Passed Assistant Surgeon White reports as follows:

Number of emigrants per steamship *Siberia* recommended, August 14, 1906, for rejection: For San Francisco, 39; for Tahiti, 1; in transit, 5.

Per steamship *China*, August 21, 1906: For Honolulu, 5; for San Francisco, 20; in transit, 1.

Report from Shanghai—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ransom reports, August 14, as follows:

Week ended August 11, 1906: Two original bills of health issued (1 to a steamship and 1 to a sailing vessel), and 3 supplemental bills of health granted to 3 steamships with an aggregate of 751 crew, 102 cabin and 110 steerage passengers. In the case of the United States cruiser *Cincinnati* bill of health was issued without inspection upon certificate of the medical officer on board. The forecastle of 1 vessel and the effects of 48 crew were disinfected, and the effects of 3 steerage passengers and 2 packages of freight inspected and passed. Manifests were viséed for 11,854 packages of freight and 37 pieces (hides not properly cured) were rejected. Three cases of illness were investigated. Glandular examination was made of all Asiatics on board the steamship *Tremont* from Kobe to Manila on account of the prevalence of plague in the former port.

One emigrant for Manila per steamship *Tremont* was passed.

COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon—Yellow fever—Fumigation of infected locality for mosquito destruction.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports, September 11, as follows:

The two cases of yellow fever in Limon reported in my cablegram of this date occurred in two Italians taken from a lodging house in the center of the town to the hospital, one on the third, the other on the second day of illness.

The hospital is thoroly screened and is free from mosquitoes. The Limon health officer has fumigated the lodging house, and promises to continue the fumigation until all mosquitoes in the immediate neighborhood are killed.

While mosquitoes, *Anopheles* and *Stegomyia*, are not as numerous as in former years, enough are present to convey infection to the many nonimmunes in Limon, under favorable circumstances.

Nothing definite can be ascertained as to the origin of this new outbreak of yellow fever. A native from the interior locality which was regarded as infected in June, who was reported to have slept one night in this lodging house about three weeks ago, was sick all night. He returned to the interior next morning and all trace of him has been lost. The 2 sick men have been for months living in this lodging house.

September 28, 1906

One of the cases has just died with suppression of urine and the consequent toxemia; the other is doing fairly well.

The regulations governing fruit vessels in infected ports having been continuously enforced here since June 20, there will be no change in the local rules on account of these new cases.

CUBA.

Report from Cardenas—Transactions of Service.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ives reports, September 17, as follows:

Week ended September 15, 1906: One immune certificate issued.

One case of leprosy has been discovered here. It is not isolated.

Report from Habana—Inspection of vessels—Yellow fever—Dengue fever.

Passed Assistant Surgeon von Ezdorf reports, September 18, as follows:

Week ended September 15, 1906.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued.....	15
Vessels not inspected and bills of health issued.....	3
Crew of outgoing vessels inspected.....	560
Crew of outgoing vessels not inspected.....	71
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected	485
Immune certificates issued	152
Health certificates issued for New Orleans.....	57
Pieces of baggage inspected.....	200
Vessels fumigated prior to sailing.....	10

During the week 6 cases of dengue and 8 suspects of yellow fever were reported. Two suspects of yellow fever remain under observation.

One case of yellow fever was reported in an Englishman, aged 28 years, who has resided in Cuba for the past five years. He was taken sick September 5 and was confirmed as a case of yellow fever September 10. The work of fumigation of the residence of this case and also the immediate neighborhood, covering a square, was begun September 11. I reported this case by cable on the 12th instant.

Report for the month of August shows 50 cases of dengue fever.

September 18. One new case yellow fever reported to-day.

September 22. Am informed death from yellow fever which occurred September 18 was reported from Cruces, Province Santa Clara. Spaniard, in island two months. Said to have arrived at Cruces sick, from Habana. Delay in report probably due to fact Cruces under insurgents. Will be investigated by superior board of health.

Report from Matanzas—Inspection and fumigation of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, September 17, as follows:

Week ended September 15, 1906. Bills of health issued to 4 vessels leaving for United States ports; 1 health and acclimation certificate granted to a passenger going to the United States via Habana,